NewsBank
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AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

Howard Athenæum—RICHLIEU—PERFECTION.

National Theatre—STEPHEN BURROUGHS, THE NOTORIOUS—THE CHAIN OF GUILT.

Dramatic Museum (Beach street)—THE CASTLE SPECTRE—WARLOCK OF THE GLEN.

Tremont Temple—DR. HOLLICK'S LECTURES ON PHYSIOLOGY.

Central Hall (No. 3 Milk street)—Martin's PANORAMA OF THE ASTEC INDIAN WORLD.

Assembly Hall (Washington street, corner of West st.)—HOWES'S PANORAMA OF THE MISSISSIPPI AND OHIO RIVERS.

Washington Hall (222 Washington street)—SPINETTI'S CELEBRATED CANARY BIRDS.

Masonic Temple (Tremont street)—This Afternoon—Hutchings' PANORAMA OF THE MESMERIC DREAM—ORPHEAN FAMILY'S ENTERTAINMENTS.

Mechanics Hall (Corner of Boylston and Washington streets)—Hompaths PANORAMA OF MEXICO.

Horticultural Hall (Tremont street)—Exhibition of SCULPTURE.

BOSTON HERALD.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 1.

☞ Advertisers must remember that the "Herald" enjoys a Larger Circulation than any other Paper in New England

The Streets of Gotham.

Taking New York streets as they present themselves, they have some advantages over ours. They are dirty, indeed; but most of them are spacious and airy, and straight. The sidewalks are crowded, but they are broad.

Turn we into Chatham street, the new Jerusalem of America. We find it monopolized by Jews, who are pawn brokers, old clothes dealers, &c. There is one practice of these sons of Abraham that literally cries aloud for reformation. They stand in their shop doors, like the London apprentices of old, or like Dagwood's impudent shop boy in Dock square, extolling their wares, and imploring the passers by to enter and be deceed. If a man need a new coat, he is fifty times accosted of that need in half an hour minutes; if his hat be a shocking hat one, it also becomes the target of a whole volley of remark. This is infamous; for it is not to be supposed that anybody who has the means to be whole will go ragged. If you will read Eugene Sue's description of the bazaar called the Temple, in the Mysteries of Paris, you will be able to form some idea of the traffic carried on in Chatham street.

Ann street is the paradise of printers. Nassau street is the exclusive domain of the newsboys, a juvenile, separate class of the community, who make night and day hideous to the best of their ability; a clan deserving of a separate notice, forming an *imperium in imperio* in New York, whose jurisdiction extends over the Chatham theatre and all the weekly and penny paper offices.

New York appears to be almost as dishonest a place as Boston has been within the last two years, thanks to the spy police and the stool pigeon and justice brokerage system! Every lower floor window is fortified, like those of our shops and warehouses, with thick plank shutters. To the Yankee stranger, such ornaments look very odd upon dwelling houses, but the police records show that they are indispensable, if not always efficacious.

Justice and crime stand within hailing distance of each other in Gotham, and are said sometimes to shake hands. From the vestibule of the Tombs, as the Halls of Justice (injustice!) are appropriately called, you may look into two or three of the cells of the famous, or rather infamous Five Points, sometimes called Dickens Place, in compliment to Charles Dickens, who made it classic ground. Almost every building in this polluted district is at once grogshop and brothel, and there is not one honest or respectable dweller in its whole extent, which is exclusively tenanted by thieves and prostitutes of the vilest and most degraded class. If any one wish to give his son a temperance lecture, let him take him over the Five Points, which will operate as a caution, if any thing can. The whole atmosphere reeks of filth and rum; the language of the place is oaths and curses; its costume is rags and tatters. Bloated, dirty, tawdry harlots stand at their doors, or sit at their windows, to invite the passenger in at noon-day. Wo to him if he accept the invitation; he will probably carry away with him some inconvenient token of his visit. He cannot enter a house without imminent danger of having his pockets picked, or without getting into a tap room, where he will be importuned to treat every person present, with a pretty reasonable certainty of being insulted, if not knocked down and robbed, should he refuse. He whose tastes lead to cheap debauchery will find it here, in any quantity, at any price. There is, probably, not a person over ten years old in the whole district who has not been before some court for some offence. Nearly all the inhabitants of the Five Points are graduates of Sing Sing or the Penitentiary, and full half of them live altogether by prostitution, theft and burglary.

Orange street and what is called the Collect are inhabited mostly by negro courtezans. If they differ in color from other denizens of the Points, to color alone is the difference confined; in words or manners, there is none. Judging from appearances, one would say that the degradations, and misery of this God-for-saken quarter could not be exceeded; a quarter whose employment is infamy, whose vice and crime are, literally, daily bread, and where disease nightly lies down with lust and drunkenness. Yet, we are told, there is another Alsatia in Gotham ten degrees viler than the Five Points, a lower depth to the lowest deep of a pit that appears bottomless. We speak of a place called the Hook, which is said to be the Van Dieman's land of the region adjacent to the Tombs.

The Five Points, the hot bed nursery and asylum of crime, is in the very heart of the city, and within a hundred and fifty yards of Chatham street, its busiest and most crowded thoroughfare.

We have heard that what was once called Nigger Hill, in Boston, was once what the Hook and the Five Points are now. Mayor Quincy (the former mayor of that name, who was really a good and efficient magistrate) broke up that rookery; and he did well in so doing; for, though he did not diminish the mass of moral muck one iota, he scattered it all over the city and in a great measure prevented its increase. Thieves could once laugh at the law, when they had gained their sanctuary, and it was as much as an officer's life was worth to attempt to drag them from it: they formed for mutual support and protection. They cannot do so now; they are all suspicious of each other, to sacrifice to decency, and pay ransom to the police. It would be a good thing for New York could a scattering take place there like the elder Mayor Quincy's. An all-devouring conflagration, that should raze the entire Five Points, would be a public blessing, though it would cause a great deal of individual suffering. But, after all, Gotham never could be Shawmut. The nightcap will be ample for hidden beneath a mask, but its foul features and foetid breath would abide. Our population is, mostly, permanent, and therefore it behoves every sojourner to cultivate some degree of character; but in New York, the population is transitory. Nobody in it knows what character a man brings with him, nor is the reputation he establishes there likely to follow him away. Gotham is large, and Shawmut is comparatively small.—A man cannot abide here long without being known all over the place; in New York, he has only to remove to another ward, and he is, as it were, in another city.

The Tombs are a heavy, gloomy pile, of the Egyptian order of architecture, in Centre street, standing where once was a quaking bog, which is not firm ground yet. At least, it is not adequate to sustain the ponderous weight of the edifice, which has settled, and the walls are cracked from top to bottom in several places. The interior will not compare favorably with any of our court houses or prisons, in any respect.

THE CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

CAPTAIN RYRIE'S CASE. We have mentioned that an Irishman, named Michael Gallagher, assaulted Captain Ryrie of the steamship Niagara, at the Albion Hotel, about 12 o'clock, yesterday. The defendant was examined upon the complaint before the Police Court, in the afternoon. He was defended by Walter J. Walsh, Esq., the prisoner being charged with an assault upon Captain Alexander Ryrie and Lieutenant John Moffat, and the examination was one of the richest exhibitions we have seen in many a day. The prisoner did not at all relish his "confinement in the land of Liberty," and was somewhat boisterous in his exclamations of wonder, surprise, and indignation. The charges preferred against Gallagher, as alleged, were specifly proved by Captain Ryrie, Lieut. Moffat, the servant of the captain, and a waiter of the Albion, who either saw or heard the matter complained of.

The mutual conversational attacks that arose between witnesses and counsel were rich in the extreme, and we at several times expected to see the counsellor and the English officer engaging in Sullivan-ic blows. Fortunately, however, this did not take place, and the defendant was let off with a fine of $10 and costs, with a proviso that he should find bonds in $200 to keep the peace for one month.

THE EXHIBITION OF THE ART OF SELF-DEFENCE. At an early hour last evening, the large hall over the Maine Railroad Depot was filled to its utmost capacity, to witness the grand trial between T. B. Kay and Yankee Sullivan. There were from twelve to fifteen hundred spectators present, and the sparring was satisfactory to the audience until the introduction of Kay and Sullivan, when as usual, much is expected. There was a manifest dissatisfaction on the part of those who expected more of Sullivan, when he yielded the palm of victory to Kay.

There were several amateurs introduced, who acquitted themselves very handsomely, among whom were Bill Wilson and Sullivan, (a brother of Yankee,) L. Clark of this city, and Tom O'Donald of New Orleans. The two latter gentlemen seemed to manifest the right feeling for the superiority, and want to work in good earnest, both having lots of friends and being skilled in the art. They made a grand and satisfactory display. Mr. Clark did more than could be expected, getting the best of the set-to against one of superior practice and skill.

On the whole the exhibition passed off pleasantly, and nothing occurred during the evening to mar the harmony of the large number assembled. For our part, we were much delighted with the amateurs introduced, and the general management of the exhibition throughout. It was one of those treats seldom presented to the Boston public. As there is to be another on Friday evening next, we hope no one will miss the opportunity to gratify their curiosity.

POLICY. Mr. Erving, Treasurer of the Boston Post Office, illuminated his dwelling-house in Pleasant street with one hundred and thirty-six lights, on Monday evening, during the procession of the Taylor men. Does he expect to hold his office after old Zack's election? We shall see.

JUVENILE OFFENDER. Thomas Salmon, a small boy, was brought up in the Police Court yesterday afternoon, charged with stealing five dollars. He was sent to the house for the reformation of juvenile offenders.

OYSTER CHOWDER for lunch, at the Custom House Exchange, 19 Doane street, this day, at half-past ten o'clock.

COCHITUATE WATER. This water is now fit to drink, and the Commissioners are letting it into houses, wherever the necessary fixtures are ready for its reception. The Tremont House and Revere House have been supplied with it; and many families are now using it.

MUSIC AND PAINTING. These are most admirably combined at the evening and afternoon exhibitions in the great hall of the Masonic Temple, in this city. The music of the Orpheun Troupe there, is alone worth the price of admission; while the grand classical panorama of the sea and shores of the Mediterranean, revealing as it does, views of the most interesting and celebrated cities and countries in the world, constitutes an exhibition in every respect worthy of all the encomiums bestowed upon it.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—Oct. 31. The Jury in the case of Thomas and Daniel Hickey, indicted for assaulting watchman James Curtis, with intent to murder, rendered a verdict to-day, of "guilty of an aggravated assault, but not with intent to kill." Another indictment is pending against the defendants, charging them with assaulting watchman after the injuries had been inflicted upon Mr. Curtis.

The jury in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Margaret Lynn, wherein the defendant is accused of keeping a house of ill fame, &c., retired this afternoon, but had not rendered a verdict when the Court adjourned.

Edward O'Brien, accused of assaulting a Mrs. Hammaway, with an axe, was put on his trial; but the case had not proceeded far when the Court adjourned.

FIREMEN'S EXCURSION. Fire Company General Foster, No. 7, of Danvers, will arrive in the city this afternoon, on their return home from a visit to Manchester, N. H. This is their first appearance in a new uniform,—the Caps made by Mr. E. A. G. Rockhow, No. 9 Hanover street, and the jackets made by N. B. Proctor jr. No. 50 Commercial street. The company is accompanied by the Salem Brass Band.

DRAMATIC MUSEUM, BEACH STREET, *near the United States Hotel.* The prettiest and best conducted Theatre in Boston. The performances being of the most moral and intellectual character. See it and judge for yourselves. To-morrow evening C. R. Thorne, Esq., lessee of the Boston Theatre commences his engagement. Thousands will welcome him.

ANOTHER MISSING MAN. Mr. Amos Sumner, a man about 40 years of age, left his house on the morning of the 20th, in a state of insanity, and has not since been heard from. Any information of his whereabouts, will be gratefully received by his anxious family, No. 8, East Dover street.

Eloquent Speech from General Taylor.

A barbecue was given at East Feliciana, La., to the returned volunteers on the 19th October. Two thousand five hundred persons were present on the occasion, drawn together chiefly by the expectation of seeing and hearing Gen. Taylor, who consented to be present on the express condition that the occasion should not be taken advantage of to serve party purposes. In reply to a complimentary speech, Gen. Taylor spoke as follows:—

MR. SPEAKER, AND LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—It is with a feeling of deep embarrassment that I attempt to reply to the eloquent address just delivered, in which I feel my humble services have been too vividly portrayed and too highly estimated.

During the long period I have been in the service of my country, I have endeavored to keep in view, as the constant object of my exertions, the honor, the integrity and the welfare of my country, and if I have been placed in situations in which I was able to promote those objects, it is attributable rather to the zealous aid and energetic co-operation of the gallant men, both of the regular and volunteer service, whom it has been my good fortune to command, than to any superior skill or ability on my part. To them, more than to myself, belongs the glory of any results which may have been achieved under my command.

But I cannot avoid the opportunity, while referring to the achievements of our arms, of expressing my deep conviction of the evils of war, of which, here as elsewhere, my mind receives daily and mournful proof. Throughout my service, I assure you, the proudest moments of history have been darkened and rendered sorrowful by the reflection of the painful occurrences which it produces; of the wives made widows, of parents made childless, of friends bereft of those bound to them by the dearest ties.

For the awful results of war are not confined to the bloody scenes of the battle field; but disease, slow consuming disease, more than any of the instruments of war, scatters death among those engaged in the trying fatigues and exposures of military duty. Of those who died in the active service in Mexico, the proportion of those cut down by disease to those who fell on the battle field is about five to one.

For these reasons, as a constant witness of all the stern and painful realities of war, I assure you that there is no one who rejoices more in the conclusion of the war with Mexico—now happily terminated—than I do. It was not from any apprehension of the dangers, nor any dread of the fatigues and sufferings to which I might be exposed, that I so warmly desired the conclusion of this war—but it was because I looked upon war as a great evil, as a last resort, which, when it can be honorably combined, it is the first duty of a nation—especially a Republic—to terminate.

I believed it not incompatible with the honor and interests of both Republics to terminate this war. And now that peace has once more smiled upon our happy land, I assure you it is a proud and delightful feeling to meet at the hands of our fellow-citizens the kind and friendly reception which has been extended to me on this, as well as on many other occasions, on which I have had the pleasure of enjoying the hospitality of my fellow-citizens of Louisiana.

These demonstrations satisfy me that it is a calumny to call Republics ungrateful. Everywhere have the soldiers of the Republic received the meed of popular applause, and enjoyed the kindness of their fellow citizens; but in no State have they been more handsomely treated than in our own State of Louisiana, to which my observation has been confined since my return from the war, not having been out of the State, except on a flying visit to my plantation in Mississippi.

The people of this State will compare with any in the world in patriotism and public spirit. Their conduct in the late Mexican war, in rushing to the aid of the little army which I had the honor to command on the Rio Grande, brings to mind the patriotism of our fathers, when after the battle of Lexington, they rushed to their country's standard, from the plough, the workshop, the desk, and even the pulpit, all eager to share in the glory and peril of defending the nation's honor.

Such was the conduct of the large and gallant force of volunteers who rushed to our rescue on the Rio Grande. And I assure you, that it was to me the most painful occurrence of the war, that I was compelled to part with that gallant body of volunteers, but it was inevitable, as the enemy had retired beyond our reach, into the interior of Mexico, and we had not sufficient means of transportation to follow them.

Not desiring to keep them in inglorious inactivity, subject to the diseases of camp duty, I preferred that they should rejoin the families and homes from which they had torn themselves, under the influence of high and patriotic motives.

That occasion furnished an additional proof of the fact which has always been manifest to my mind, that we are a nation of soldiery, possessing more than any other people in the world, the virtues and resources of a great military nation.

And indeed there has been more reason to fear that our military spirit would carry us too far, and impel us to the invasion of our neighbor's territory, than that it would fall short of the defence of our own territory and honor.

I have ever cherished the sentiment of the father of his country, who cautioned us against leaving our own soil and territory for a foreign country—who inculcated as a cardinal principle of our republican institutions that we should eschew all foreign alliances and connections, and confine ourselves to the improvement of our own proper soil and the advancement of peace and happiness within our own proper boundaries. But should war ever come upon us, I have seen enough of the zeal and eagerness of the youth of our country to believe in their ability and ardor to encounter any dangers and sacrifices to defend the honor and avenge the wrongs of the nation.

This war has served to manifest the existence of a deep, uncomparable heroism, in all classes of our people. It has not been by any means confined to the sterner sex, for nowhere has it shone brighter than in the conduct and sentiments of the softer sex of our country, so many of whom have honored us with their presence on this occasion.

During my public service, I have become familiar with deeds which place the women of our country on a level with the Spartan and Roman mothers, of whose heroism history records so many examples. I have known mothers to send their only sons to the war, telling them to return with honor, or not at all. I have known sisters to part with only brothers, which words full of pride and hope of their return with bright laurels. I have known wives to tear themselves from the arms of devoted husbands, and to forget all their own cares and affections in a general and patriotic pride and devotion to their country's and their husband's honor.

Where such feelings prevail among those who are to be the mothers of the Republic, from whom the ideas and virtues upon which the future weal of our country will depend, are to flow, there can be no reason to fear that our people will ever be slow or weak in maintaining the rights of the republic, and sustaining the national honor.

With these desultory remarks, I beg, ladies and gentlemen, to offer you my warmest thanks for this splendid and gratifying reception, extended to me by the patriotic citizens of East and West Feliciana, of East and West Baton Rouge, and other parts of this beautiful and interesting country.

☞ The following strange document was left at our office yesterday, too late for the use we now make of it, and we publish it exactly as it is written:—

To the most learned Judge or High Sheriff, at present officiating in the Municipal Court, in Boston, Mass.:—

LEVERETT STREET GAOL, October 11, 1848.

Most learned Judge,—or to whom I may expect to get redress from, for (in my opinion) the very unjust treatment I have received from the authorities or officers of this prison, since my confinement therein. It happened unfortunately that I got into a row accidentally on the night of the 22d of Sept. ult., in which I got most dreadfully mutilated and scarred in different places. I was left for the two nights wallowing in my blood, and without a bed to lie on, so as I nearly died from the effects. To the third day I was removed to where I could rest myself, and my wounds were temporally dressed, but not since—now three weeks past. My finger at present is in a state of mortification, which perhaps would cause me to lose the arm altogether. I have repeatedly asked for dressing, but has invariably been refused. I asked four different officers on this day, and has refused as usual by them all, and by one especially who made answer in so insulting a manner as to say the treatment I have received was too good for me.

I am, gentlemen, (the injured,)
Yours most respectfully,
DENIS SHINE.

P. S. I almost forgot another circumstance, although one of not much importance to me. Still I wish to let the Public Know the wrongs imposed on poor unfortunates—as I call prisoners in general, however well treated. It is as thus.—When the cook brings out the soup—though it has but a very poor chim on the words he pumps on to it in my opinion about 3-4 cold water. I would not have Known this were I and others not eye-witnesses to it every day. I am fully conscious this mode of doing the is quite a secret to the tender and noble hearted of Boston or matters would surely go better.

LAWRENCE, Oct. 31, 1848.

MR. EDITOR:—The advocates of Rough and Ready are pouring in here in vast numbers to take part in the third District Mass Convention, which is to assemble here at one o'clock to-day. The weather at this moment looks promising, and every thing indicates one of the greatest gatherings of the people which ever came together in this county. The streets are full of music, and the delegates are marching and countermarching in all directions. If you were here, you would think as I do, that the other districts in the old Bay State will have hard work to lead District No. 3 in the Presidential election.

Yours, MONTEREY.

DEAR SIR:—I wish to correct an error occurring in your paper of yesterday, in giving the details of the Torch-light Procession. You put the transparency with the motto "*The Old Fox with a New Tail,*" in the Lowell delegation. It belonged to a private whig of Ward 5, Boston, who wants his ward to have the credit of it, as a little the richest *fixes* in the procession.

ONE OF 'EM.

MASSACHUSETTS NOMINATIONS. The following is a complete list of the nominations of the three parties in Massachusetts for Congress, and also for Governor and Lieutenant Governor:—

TAYLOR.	VAN BUREN.	CASS.
1—R. C. Winthrop	Charles Sumner.	Benj. F. Hallet.
2—Linus Child.	Calvin Stowe.	R. Rantoul, Jr.
3—J. H. Duncan.	C. L. Knapp.	G. S. Boutwell.
4—A. H. Thompson.	John G. Palfrey.	Fred'k Robinson.
5—C. Hudson.	Chas. Allen.	Isaac Davis.
6—Geo. Ashmun.	D. W. Alvord.	W. C. Swift.
7—J. Rockwell.	Chas. Sedgwick.	T. F. Plunkett.
8—Horace Mann.	Ho ace Mann.	B. L. Wales.
9—O. Fowler.	Nathan Hunt.	To ter Prouty.
10—J. Grinnell.	A. H. Howland.	C. B. Freeman.

The following are the State nominations:—

TAYLOR.	VAN BUREN.	CASS.
FOR GOVERNOR.		
George N. Briggs.	Steph. C. Phillips.	Caleb Cushing.
FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR.		
John Reed.	John Mills.	H. W. Cushman.

Presidential Election, Tuesday, November 7;
State Election, Monday, Nov. 13.

DEATH ON THE PRAIRIES. Dr. Daniel Duck, of Athens, an Englishman aged seventy years, was returning from a sick call on Thursday week last, and had been piloted half way home from the house of Peter Warden in De Page when last heard from. On Sunday morning last, his family become some alarmed for him, but their fears were quieted in the hope that he might be at his son's near Naperville. On Wednesday morning an express was sent to his son, and returned stating he had not been there. During his absence, some of the packet drivers said they heard cries of distress on Thursday night, in the region of the route he would naturally take. The night was excessively cold. The cry they heard was, "I am lost." On hearing this, without awaiting for the express to return, Lemuel Brown Esq., with others, set out on search, although he had searched considerably on Tuesday and was then within four rods of where the body was finally found. The grass was very high indeed. They first found the wagon in a slough and the horse under the wagon dead and considerably eaten by the wolves.

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About three rods off but not to be seen therefrom, he was found lying on the grass with his overcoat under him. He, probably, went to sleep and thus died without a struggle. When found, he looked as natural and fresh as life. His remains were taken to his former place of residence near Naperville. He died within a mile of his own house. [Chicago Democrat.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT. A colored man named Wilson Crusen, living on the Pennington road, had an altercation with his wife yesterday, which resulted seriously. In the course of the quarrel, his wife called him by an offensive epithet, which so enraged him that he seized an axe, and struck her a tremendous blow over the ear, which crushed through the skull, and inflicted a frightful wound, and it is feared the unfortunate woman cannot recover. After he had committed the act, Crusen calmly walked down to Squire Howell's and confessed his guilt. He was committed to jail, to take his trial at the next court. [Trenton (N. J.) Daily News.

☞ Mr. Witt, the Superintendent of the Boston Railroad, at East Albany, has resigned his post, for the purpose of fulfilling a contract to build the Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad. When his resignation was accepted by the Board of Directors, they unanimously voted a valuable locomotive, valued at $2,000 or $3,000. [Albany Eve. Journal.

REMARKABLE. A young man named Hait, of Wilton in this State, nineteen years ago was suddenly deprived of his reason and memory. They have now both returned to him. He was a student, and when recovered began to inquire for his books as if he had just laid them down, and resumed his mathematical studies where he left them. [New London Star.

ATLANTIC AND ST. LAWRENCE RAILROAD. The Legislature of Vermont, now in session, has granted to the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad Company the right to extend their road, with the requisite facilities, through the north-eastern part of that State. The investigation of the subject was thorough and satisfactory, and called forth many expressions of friendly feeling towards the enterprize.

☞ A woman by the name of Wright, living in this village, in a vomiting spasm threw from her stomach a *live snake*, measuring seven inches in length, which is supposed to have been swallowed some months since in drinking water from a spring. The snake lived two or three days in a bottle of water, and is now preserved in spirits. [Hallowell Cultivator.

☞ A committee of both parties, in New Orleans, have adopted a series of rules, to prevent collisions in future at political meetings and processions.

☞ The Lowell Vox Populi gives the name of the absconding forger and speculator in that city as Levi B. Farr, and estimate the losses of his victims at $80,000.

PAY YOUR TAXES AND VOTE IT DOWN!—Another callous lie has been nailed to the counter. A report was spread yesterday, all over Boston, that in consequence of the torchlight procession falling out so many people into the damp and muddy streets, whereby they caught severe colds, &c., that next day (yesterday) Redding & Co. of 8 State street, were completely exhausted of all *Mrs. Tilley's Vegetable Cough Syrup* they had; now we are pleased to say, that this is a foul lie, a wicked and malicious lie, coined by the enemy of men; for Redding & Co. are still able and willing to assist the sufferer whose cold, cough, asthma, sore throat, croup, hooping cough, influenza, hoarseness, &c., are too distressing to bear; and the price is just the same as ever, 25 cts. a bottle.

TRUSSES.

A. F. BARTLETT, manufacturer of all kinds of *Improved Supporters*, such as Chapin's, Fitch's, Ingall's, Banning's, Lace's, and others of his own improvement; also, Elastic Shoulder Braces and Superior Trusses, at 221 Washington street, near Marlboro' Hotel, Boston. tf—my17

Fall and Winter Garments for Gentlemen. We would recommend our readers to call at LOTHROP'S Fashionable Tailoring Establishment, 123 Washington street, and examine his new and varied assortment of Cloths for Overcoats; French, English and American Cassimeres, and Doeskins, for Pants—also, a great variety of Silks, Cashmere and Velvet Vestings, which will be manufactured into Garments in the latest and most approved styles. Remember the number—123 Washington street, over Jones, Ball, and Poor. octal 1 jan1

I. V. B. The only pure and orig inal Indian Vegetable Bitters for sale on consignment, in bottles, by CLIFFORD & BERNARD, No. 69 Commercial street, opposite Constitution wharf. m17tf

Lyman Towle & Co. sell a better Hat for the money than any dealer in the city of Boston. sept 12

Doll Razors. Doll Razors put in fine styles, and guaranteed to give satisfaction at REEVES & DWYER'S Hair Dressing Room, 11 Brattle Square. oct24tw

Scarfs 1/2, New and Elegant French DOESKINS and VESTINGS, just received from New York, by HASKELL & CHAPMAN, sept 1—tfc 2 Museum Building, Tremont street.

Mayo & Co.'s Daguerreotype Miniature Rooms, No. 59 Court street, Boston. Prices reduced to 75 cents, including case. Miniatures taken in any weather. ceptfame

Lyman Towle & Co.'s Fall Style of Hats are decidedly the handsomest in the city, and their prices are less than any dealer in Boston. Boston, Sept. 15, 1848.

Toothache Cured in Three Minutes. The great instant Remedy for the Toothache can be obtained of Mrs. E. RYDER, at the best assortment of the great medicines of the day, 100 Court street, Boston. Also a perfect cure for the ear-ache. 7

To Housekeepers. Chemical Cement for Mending all kinds of broken China, Crockery and Glass ware. Also, Horn, Bone, Shell, Ivory, Pearl, and Alabaster Ornaments, sold by D. S. ROWLAND, opposite the Marlboro' Hotel. Price of Cement, 25 cents. aug—tf

It is very important that persons afflicted with any kind of disease should place themselves under a judicious and skilful course of medical treatment. Those who wish to do so, are referred to read Dr. Taylor's advertisement in another column, headed "Important Notice." It will be seen that nothing can exceed the fairness and reasonableness of his terms. sept 15

Roach and Bed Bug Bane. In order to have a comfortable night's rest, it is necessary to exterminate all troublesome vermin, viz. Bed Bugs, &c. The Roach and Bed Bug Bane, sold at 175 Washington street, is sure destruction to all pests of that nature.—Price 37 cents per bottle.

Wigs and Hair Work. A splendid assortment of Gentlemens' Wigs, Toupieces and Ladies' Hair Work of the latest styles, can be had of William Boyle, Premium Wig Maker, No. 277 Washington street, four doors south of Winter street. Preserve the address.

Swan's Skin Trimmings, Muffs, Boas &c. &c. The Real Swans. The only Ribbons that have the real swan in Boston. The article called swan are only geese. The swan will wash as well as factory cloth—warranted. For sale and made to order in any shape or form by LYMAN TOWLE & CO.

We advise all our readers who want Razors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Shaving and Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, Cosmetics for the Complexion and Hair, to buy them at BRIGHAM'S HAIR STORE, No. 277 Washington, near Winter street, who keeps first rate articles at low prices. oct16tmo

Townsend's Sarsaparilla. Beware of Counterfeits. As this celebrated Sarsaparilla has been much counterfeited of late. All persons who wish to be sure to get the genuine article, should purchase it of the established agents, REDDING & Co., No. 8 State street, and MRS. E. RIDER, No. 100 Court street.

One Dollar.—Old Tight! Bagnerreotypes taken for one dollar (including a handsome case), in a style that cannot be beat in the city, at 98 COURT ST., corner of Hanover, by J. CANNON, formerly of Washington street. Those wishing for a likeness, would do well to give me a call and examine specimens. oct2tdme

Dr. Stimpson's Clarified Cod Liver Oil.—For sale at his office 60 1-2 Cornhill, Boston. This great remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, &c., is sold at 75 cents for large bottles, and 37 1-2 for small. Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians, supplied at the usual discount. Now on hand, a fresh lot, pure, sweet, and clear. octtf

Jones's Amber Tooth Paste. It whitens the teeth, hardens the gums, sweetens the breath, and is, without exception the most beautiful and economical article ever made. Price 25 cts. per box. Sold by ROWLAND, 158 Washington street. oct17

One Word to Gentlemen. Charles G. GODFREY & CO., at No. 34 Court street, would respectfully request the attention of their friends and the public generally to the elegant assortment of GOODS which they have recently received by importations, and which they believe are unsurpassed in point of brilliancy of color, durability and finish, by the cloths of any establishment in the city. Having secured the services of one of the most experienced cutters in this vicinity, and attended faithfully to every department of their establishment, have perfect confidence in their ability to please the tastes of all who may honor them with their patronage. Their STOCK has been selected with the utmost care on their part, and as they are determined to meet the wants of the most fastidious, they defy competition in their line of business; to prove the truth of which they would simply solicit any gentleman who desires to invest himself in a superior suit, to drop in upon them at their well-known emporium of fashion. Respectfully soliciting the patronage of the community they invite the attention of the best models to their collection for accommodating them with every elegance of costume. sept 29—tf

Conquering, and to Conquer.—Gratis.—A Scientific treatise on the Human Hair. Of the numerous compositions constantly announced, for promoting the growth or regeneration of the hair, few anjoy even in name, beyond a very limited period, while Berle's Hyperion Fluid, with a reputation unparalleled, is still on the increase in public estimation. The singular virtues of this successful invention for restoring, preserving, and beautifying the human hair, are too well known and appreciated to need comment. The very fact of the high and distinguished patronage it enjoys, its general use in all countries together with numerous testimonials constantly received in its favor, are authorities which stamp its superior excellence and title over all attempts of a similar nature. Being universally preferred, its consequent success causes a host of imitations to start up—but try this once, and you will find its superiority. For sale at No. 277 Washington street. oct15tme

SWAIM'S PANACEA for the Cure of Scrofula or Kings Evil, Rheumatism, White Swellings, Diseases of the Liver and Skin, General Debility, &c. It is also recommended to those whose constitutions are broken down by the injudicious use of Mercury, Barks, or Quinine, &c. &c., and all those whose Lungs and Chest are suspected to be diseased.

CERTIFICATES. The most respectable and satisfactory ever given in favor of any medicine.

From Dr. Valentine Mott, Professor of Surgery in the University of New York—Surgeon of the New York Hospital, &c. &c.: I have repeatedly used Swaim's Panacea, both in the Hospital and in private practice, and have always found it to be a valuable medicine in chronic and scrofulous complaints, and in obstinate cutaneous affections. VALENTINE MOTT, M. D.

From Dr. W. Gibson, Professor of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania, Surgeon and Chemical Lecturer to the Alms House Infirmary, &c.: I have employed the Panacea of Mr. Swaim, in numerous instances, within the last three years, and have always found it extremely efficacious. I have no hesitation in pronouncing it a medicine of inestimable value. W. GIBSON, M. D.

From Dr. Chapman, Professor of the Institute and Practice of Physic and Clinical Practice in the University of Pennsylvania, President of the Academy of Medicine of Philadelphia: I have within the last two years had an opportunity of seeing several cases of inveterate ulcers, which, having resisted previously the regular modes of treatment, were healed by the use of Mr. Swaim's Panacea; and I do believe, from what I have seen, that it will prove an important remedy in scrofulous diseases. N. CHAPMAN, M. D.

SWAIM'S VERMIFUGE—The most useful Family Medicine ever offered to the public. No family ought ever will be without it, after a trial. This well known ANTI-DYSENTERIC and WORM MEDICINE has proved successful three twelve years past, and is universally acknowledged by all who have tried it, to be far superior to any other medicine ever employed in diseases for which it is recommended. It is perfectly safe, and no child will refuse to take it. It seldom fails of curing CHOLERA MORBUS, DYSENTERY or BOWEL COMPLAINTS, COLIC, and BLEEDING PILES, either in grown persons or children, and it gives appetite to almost all debilitated persons.

Worms frequently infest children, aggravate either diseases, and are the chief cause of Fevers, Bowel Complaints, and chronic and nervous diseases, incident to childhood, which are so numerous and frequent as fatal. Worms being especially apt to infest persons of debilitated digestive organs and emaciated constitutions, much mischief is often done by the ordinary worm medicines, which generally consist of the strongest purgatives. Swaim's Vermifuge has the peculiar advantage of removing the cause of worms, by giving vigor and healthy action to the stomach, bowels and organs of digestion—thereby relieving measles, croup, hooping cough, and many other complaints.

For sale by JONATHAN P. HALL & CO., No. 46 Union street. octtf&w3m

MARRIAGES.

In this city, by the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Mr. Wm. P. Bailey to Miss Harriet L. Crowell.

by the same, Mr. Joseph A. Harris, of Charlestown, to Miss Elizabeth H. Thompson, of Boston.

DEATHS.

In this city, 28th inst., Sarah, youngest child of Mr. Ruth Atheus, aged 1 yr.

In Dorchester, 30th ult., Rev. Hiram Withington, 84.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BOSTON.

Tuesday, Oct. 31.

ARRIVED.

Brigk Gen. Wool, Hurlburgh, New Orleans.
Brig Athens, Jones, Cromwell.
Br brig D. Shattuck, Therim, New Edinburg.

CLEARED YESTERDAY—Foreign—Ship St. James, Long, Liverpool; brigs Scather, Mayo, Cuba; Annah, Fowler, Fernandina; Emily, Perkins, Saxon; Atlas, (br) McCullon, Surinay.

Coastwise—Brgk Antelope, Crosby, Norfolk; brigs H. Kellock, Kellock, do; Myra, Studley, Philadelphia; Othello, Dyer, Cuba.

ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY! The greatest Sparring Exhibition ever witnessed in this city or elsewhere, will take place on FRIDAY EVE, Nov. 3, at the Maine Railroad Depot Hall, Haymarket Square. On which occasion the following extraordinary talent will appear: Mr. THOMAS HYER, who is no less celebrated for his science, than for his wonderful strength, length of reach, &c., will for the first time in this country, make his appearance in public, and will engage in a trial of skill with Boston's favorite, T. BELCHER KAY. The Great Southern Champion Jos Winrow, from New Orleans, and one of the trainers of Tom Hyer, will engage with JOHN CLARK of Boston. John Sharpe, of Boston, will also meet a Boston Rough Un. The exhibition will conclude with a contest for superiority between THOMAS HYER AND GEORGE THOMPSON, alias Peter Crawley's big 'un from England, also one of Mr. Hyer's trainers, who, with Joe Winrow, will be happy to spar with any gentleman who may offer.

Doors open at 7; sparring commence at 1-4 of 8.
Tickets of admission $1 nov1

TO LET. Half of a good house in Spring street. Apply to MERRILL, 6 Brattle Sq. nov1

TO LET TO A JEWELLER—A GOOD window in a central part of the city. Apply to MERRILL, 6 Brattle square. nov1

FRENCH, China, and Bohemian Glass Vases and Mugs, 30 Cases just received, and for sale at CHAS. AIRENFELDT'S, 14 Kelby st, up stairs. aug21

Cochituate Water.
LOCKWOOD, RANE & LUMB,
PLUMBERS,
NO. 5 DERBY RANGE, COURT STEET,
(Head of Sudbury street, Boston.)
MANUFACTURERS of every description of Lead, Brass, and Copper Work, Water Closets, Hot, Cold, and Shower Baths, fixed on the most approved principles. Pumps and Leaders, and warranted.
☞ Barron's Celebrated Cooking Range.
N. B. Orders from the Country promptly attended to. nov 2me

Cochituate Water Fixtures.
JOHN GUTHWAITE,
PLUMBER, & MANUFACTURER OF FORCE PUMPS, WATER CLOSETS, AND
BRASS COCKS
Warm, Cold, and Shower Baths,
22 ESSEX ST., BOSTON.
☞ New work and Jobbing attended to at short notice. oct31;1me

New Mattress Manufactory.
MATTTRASSES, Feather